Healthy cooking tips are the same for people with or without diabetes. Talk to your diabetes educator, dietitian, or doctor for more information.

HEALTHY COOKING TIPS

How food is prepared can be just as important in controlling diabetes as the food you eat. Here are some healthy cooking tips you may find helpful:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tip</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skim fat from the top of soups and stews. Fat floats to the top as</td>
<td>Prepare foods using vegetable oil sprays instead of oil, shortening,</td>
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<tr>
<td>soups and stews chill. Just skim off the fat, reheat, and eat.</td>
<td>or butter. Small amounts of canola or olive oil are best if you use</td>
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<td></td>
<td>oils.</td>
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<td>Limit salt. Don’t add salt to food or cook with salt. Season foods</td>
<td>Prepare chicken or turkey without the skin. Trim fat off meats</td>
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<td>with herbs, spices, vinegar, wine, or lemon juice.</td>
<td>before cooking.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Eat or cook with skim or 1% milk instead of whole milk or 2% milk.</td>
<td>Use only low-fat or fat-free milk, yogurt, cheeses, and meats in</td>
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<td></td>
<td>recipes.</td>
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<td>Grill, broil, roast, stir-fry, or poach only low-fat meats.</td>
<td>Steam vegetables using water or a low-fat, low-salt broth.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Use lemon or lime on fish and vegetables instead of butter or</td>
<td>Cook with whole-grain products (such as brown rice, oatmeal,</td>
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<tr>
<td>sauces.</td>
<td>barley, bran) rather than refined-grain products.</td>
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<td>Add vegetables to casseroles and salads.</td>
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</tbody>
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How food is prepared can be just as important in controlling diabetes as the food you eat. Here are some healthy cooking tips you may find helpful:

- Skim fat from the top of soups and stews. Fat floats to the top as soups and stews chill. Just skim off the fat, reheat, and eat.
- Prepare foods using vegetable oil sprays instead of oil, shortening, or butter. Small amounts of canola or olive oil are best if you use oils.
- Limit salt. Don’t add salt to food or cook with salt. Season foods with herbs, spices, vinegar, wine, or lemon juice.
- Prepare chicken or turkey without the skin. Trim fat off meats before cooking.
- Eat or cook with skim or 1% milk instead of whole milk or 2% milk.
- Use only low-fat or fat-free milk, yogurt, cheeses, and meats in recipes.
- Grill, broil, roast, stir-fry, or poach only low-fat meats.
- Steam vegetables using water or a low-fat, low-salt broth.
- Use lemon or lime on fish and vegetables instead of butter or sauces.
- Cook with whole-grain products (such as brown rice, oatmeal, barley, bran) rather than refined-grain products.
- Add vegetables to casseroles and salads.

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